### Claim Handling for Oklahoma P&C Insurance

**ACT TO BE PERFORMED**

- Acknowledge receipt of claim to the first or third-party claimant and identify the person handling the claim.
- Make an appropriate reply to all pertinent (written) communications from a first or third-party claimant which reasonably suggests that a response is expected.
- Provide necessary claim forms, instructions and assistance to first-party claimant.
- Advise the first-party claimant in writing of the acceptance or denial of the claim or if additional time is needed to complete investigation.
- Complete the investigation of a claim.
- Give written notification to the first-party claimant that specifically states the need and reasons for additional time required to complete the investigation.
- Provide additional written notification to the first-party claimant that the investigation remains incomplete and the reasons.
- Provide written notification to first-party claimant not represented by an attorney that his/her rights might be affected by a statute of limitation or a policy or contract time limit.
- Provide written notification to third-party claimant not represented by an attorney that his/her rights might be affected by a statute of limitation or a policy or contract time limit.

**COMPLIANCE TIMEFRAME**

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<th>ACT TO BE PERFORMED</th>
<th>COMPLIANCE TIMEFRAME</th>
<th>REFERENCE</th>
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<td>Acknowledge receipt of claim to the first or third-party claimant and identify the person handling the claim</td>
<td>Within 30 days / 20 business days after receipt of a notification of claim. [Note: statute calls for 30 days, administrative code calls for 20 business days.]</td>
<td>Okla. Stat. tit. 36 § 1250.6(A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Make an appropriate reply to all pertinent (written) communications from a first or third-party claimant which reasonably suggests that a response is expected</td>
<td>Within 30 days / 20 business days following receipt of communication. [Note: statute calls for 30 days response to “written” communications, administrative code calls for 20 business days without the limitation on “written” communications.]</td>
<td>Okla. Stat. tit. 36 § 1250.4(C)</td>
</tr>
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<td>Provide necessary claim forms, instructions and assistance to first-party claimant</td>
<td>Within 30 days / 20 business days after receipt of a notification of claim. [Note: statute calls for 30 days, administrative code calls for 20 business days.]</td>
<td>Okla. Stat. tit. 36 § 1250.6(B)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advise the first-party claimant in writing of the acceptance or denial of the claim or if additional time is needed to complete investigation</td>
<td>Within 45 [business] days after receipt of a properly executed proofs of loss. [Note: administrative code adds “business.”]</td>
<td>Okla. Stat. tit. 36 § 1250.7(A)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Complete the investigation of a claim</td>
<td>Within 60 days / 45 business days after notification of the claim is received unless cannot be reasonably completed. [Note: statute calls for 60 days, administrative code calls for 45 business days.]</td>
<td>Okla. Stat. tit. 36 § 1250.7(C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Give written notification to the first-party claimant that specifically states the need and reasons for additional time required to complete the investigation</td>
<td>Within 60 days / 45 business days after notification / receipt of proof of loss. [Note: statute calls for 60 days, administrative code calls for 45 business days and changes “notification” to “receipt.”]</td>
<td>Okla. Stat. tit. 36 § 1250.7(A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provide additional written notification to the first-party claimant that the investigation remains incomplete and the reasons</td>
<td>Within 60 days /45 business days from the receipt of proofs of loss. Unless in case of fraud or arson, the time for investigation may not exceed 120 days after receipt of proof of loss. [Note: statute calls for 60 days, administrative code calls for 45 business days and does not include the language regarding arson and the 120 day limit]</td>
<td>Okla. Stat. tit. 36 § 1250.7(C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provide written notification to first-party claimant not represented by an attorney that his/her rights might be affected by a statute of limitation or a policy or contract time limit</td>
<td>At least 30 days before the date on which the time limit might expire</td>
<td>Okla. Stat. tit. 36 § 1250.7(E)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provide written notification to third-party claimant not represented by an attorney that his/her rights might be affected by a statute of limitation or a policy or contract time limit</td>
<td>At least 60 days before the date on which the time limit might expire</td>
<td>Okla. Stat. tit. 36 § 1250.7(E)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The statutory link provided is to the entire Oklahoma Insurance Code. In order to find the specific statutory section, you will need to scroll down.

**The regulatory link provided is to the entire Oklahoma Administrative Code. In order to find the specific regulation, you will need to click view code on the left hand side, then click Title 365 Insurance Department, then click Chapter 15 Property and Casualty, then click Subchapter 3 Claims Resolution and Unfair Claims Settlement Practices, and finally click on the specific section referenced.